Do Sub-Mesoscales Control Vertical Iron Transport in the Southern Ocean?

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Introduction

Numerical Models Circulation

Conclusion

Topic

What Ocean model

Where Indian Ocean sector of the Southern Ocean (fundamental role in climate system)

How Numerical simulations of ocean circulation at very high horizontal resolutions (1/20° and 1/80°)

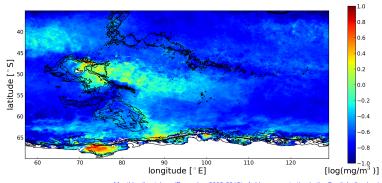
GOAL study physical processes that may influence biological activity in the Southern Ocean

Introduction

Numerical Models Circulation Transport Iron

Conclusion

The Kerguelen Plateau: why here?



Monthly climatology (December 2002-2012) of chl a concentration in the South Indian basin (Aqua MODIS 9 km)

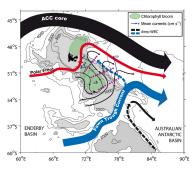
- $\star~$ Southern Ocean \rightarrow rich in nutrients, but chlorophyll concentration not high
- * Iron is limiting phytoplankton activity
- Several locations of elevated chl concentration (e.g. bloom in the Kerguelen Plateau Region)

Introduction

Numerical Models Circulation Transport

Conclusions

Natural fertilisation fuel biogeochemical cycles in the Kerguelen Plateau region



Park et al. (2008)

Blain et al. (2001) and Bucciarelli et al. (2001)

Elevated chl due to natural fertilisation

What drives iron here?

- Park et al. (2008), VanBeek et al. (2008)
 Enhanced vertical mixing due to high-energetic tidal wave activity over the plateau
- Mongin et al. (2008)
 Horizontal advection of iron from the shelf
- Maraldi et al. (2008)
 Lateral mixing
- 4. Gille et al. (2014)
 Wind-induced upwelling

Introduction

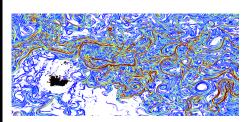
Numerical Models Circulation Transport

Conclusion

Blooms show small structures...

Small-scale fronts as filaments and eddies

 Horizontal length scale of O(10 km), vertical scale of O(MLD), timescale of O(days)





Chatham Island, NASA image by Jeff Schmaltz, MODIS

- 2. Emerging from:
 - * frontogenesis
 - ageostrophic baroclinic instabilities

Mahadevan and Tandon (2006), Capet et al. (2008), Thomas and Ferrari (2008)

- Fronts have large vertical velocities Levy et al. (2001), Capet et al. (2008),
- Iron concentration is greater at depth

Rosso et al. (2014)

Introduction

Numerical Models Circulation Transport

Conclusion

1. Can the sub-mesoscales contribute to iron supply in the Kerguelen Plateau region?

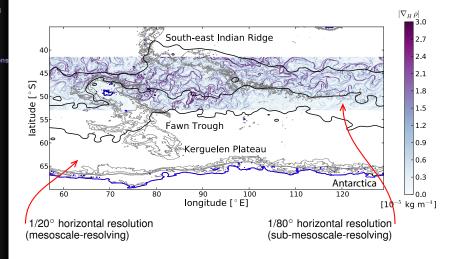
2. What is their contribution respect to mesoscales?

Introduction

Numerical Models Circulation

Conclusion

From large-scales to sub-mesoscales

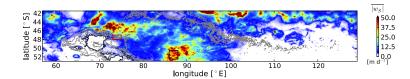


Introduction

Numerical Models Circulation

Conclusion

Patchiness in the sub-mesoscales



What generates this patchiness?

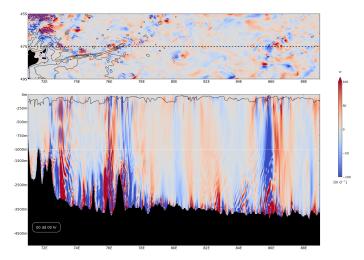
Observing vertical velocities..

Introduction

Numerical Models Circulation

Iron

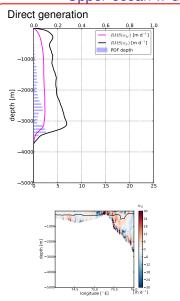
Conclusion

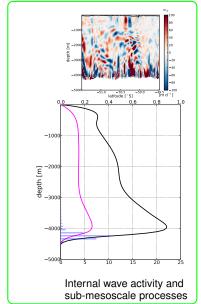


Introduction
Numerical
Models
Circulation
Transport

Conclusions

Upper-ocean w due to several mechanisms..



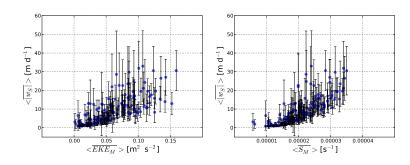


Introduction

Numerical Models Circulation Transport

Conclusion

Proxy for sub-mesoscales



Strong correlation (r = 0.79 for $<\overline{EKE_M}>$ and r = 0.82 for $<\overline{S_M}>$)

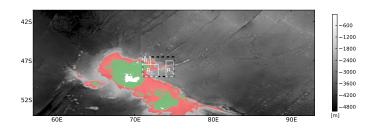
Rosso et al. (2015)

Introduction

Numerical Models Circulation Transport

Conclusion

Transport from tracking particles..



 Off-line Lagrangian particle-tracking experiments to investigate transport at the 2 resolutions

Connectivity Modelling System of Paris et al. (2013)

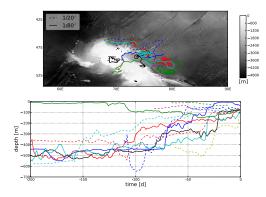
- 11500 particles released in the area of phytoplankton activity and run backward in time (max 200 days)
- * AIM: investigate sources of waters and vertical transport of waters

Introduction

Numerical Models Circulation Transport

Conclusions

Transport from tracking particles..



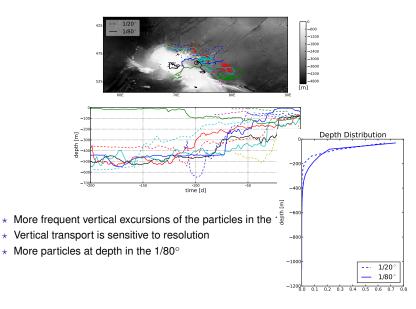
 $\star\,$ More frequent vertical excursions of the particles in the 1/80°

Introduction

Numerical Models Circulation Transport

Conclusion

Transport from tracking particles..



Introduction

Numerical Models Circulation Transport

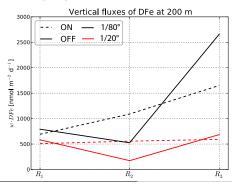
Conclusion

Quantifying dissolved iron concentration

Off-line estimate of [DFe]

$$\frac{d[DFe]}{dt} = -\lambda(z)[DFe] - \phi(z)([DFe] - \langle [DFe] \rangle)$$

- $\lambda(z)$ decay rate of iron (parameterise biological activity)
- $\phi(z)$ replenishment rate of iron at depth
- < [DFe] > mean concentration the particle relaxes to at depth



Conclusions

Introduction

Numerical Models Circulation

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Conclusion

Sub-mesoscales

- * are affected by topography
- * impact vertical transport
- * supply more iron into the upper-ocean

